

Reading Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies 6–12

The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K–5 reading in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated int standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in literacy work in tandem to de ne college and career readiness expectation providing broad standards, the latter providing additional speci city.

			Grade 6–8 Students	Grade 9-10 Students	Grade 11–12 Students	
ממי ממסרן	Details	1.	Cite speci c textual evidence to support a of primary and secondary sources.	of primary and secondary sources, atten-	analyssite speci c textual evidence to support analysiding primary and secondary sources, connecting insome gained from speci c details to an understanding the text as a whole.	sight
	Ideas and	2.	a primary or secondary source; provide a	n of a primary or secondary source; provid	n2. Determine the central ideas or information of a e an primary or secondary source; provide an accura ideassummary that makes clear the relationships am the key details and ideas.	ate
	Key	3.	Identify key steps in a text's description of a process related to history/social studies (e.g., how a bill becomes law, how interest are raised or lowered).	a text; determine whether earlier events	ribled Ervaluate various explanations for actions or ever causeand determine which explanation best accords textual evidence, acknowledging where the text leaves matters uncertain.	with
ľ	Structure	4.	Determine the meaning of words and phrather they are used in a text, including vocabula speci c to domains related to history/social studies.	ry as they are used in a text, including voca	asses Determine the meaning of words and phrases a bularare used in a text, including analyzing how an a spectases and re nes the meaning of a key term ove course of a text (e.g., how Madison de nesifaction Federalistic. 10).	autho er the
	Craft and Stru	5.	Describe how a text presents information (e.g., sequentially, comparatively, causally		phasiaenalyze in detail how a complex primary source analysis cuctured, including how key sentences, parag and larger portions of the text contribute to the whole.	graph
	O	6.	·	ா ி or ©ompare the point of view of two or more uag அuthors for how they treat the same or si		

The grades 6 12 standards on the following pages de ne what students should understand and be able to do by the end of each grade. They correspond to the College and Career Readiness (CCR) anchor standards below by number. The CCR and grade-speci c standards are necessary complements the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional specificity that together define the skills and understandings that all students must demonstrate.

Text Types and Purposes*

- 1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts using valid reasoning and relevant and suf cient evidence.
- 2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey complex ideas and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.
- 3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

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Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6–12

The standards below begin at grade 6; standards for K 5 writing in history/social studies, science, and technical subjects are integrated into the K 5 Writing standards. The CCR anchor standards and high school standards in literacy work in tandem to de ne college and career readiness expectations the former providing broad standards, the latter providing additional speci city.



WHST Writing Standards for Literacy in History/Social Studies, Science, and Technical Subjects 6–12

	,	Grade 6-8 Students	Grade 9-10 Students	Grade 11-12 Students	
Research to Build and Present	Knowledge (continued)	print and digital sources (primary and secondary) using search terms effectively:	8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources (primary and secondary), using advanced searches effectively; assess the usefulness of each source in answering the research question; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the ow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. CA	8. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the specient task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the low of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation.	
Rese	Resear K	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis re ection, and research.	9. Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, re ection, and research.	Draw evidence from informational texts to support analysis, re ection, and research.	
	Range of Writing	10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for re ection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-speci c tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for re ection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-speci c tasks, purposes, and audiences.	10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for re ection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-speci c tasks, purposes, and audiences.	